ABSTRACT

A method and a device for detecting the phase of a fourstroke gasoline engine, a gasoline direct injection engine
in particular. For reliable phase detection involving
relatively little expense during a starting phase, a
crankshaft is turned together with at least one piston;
ignition is triggered via an ignition coil in at least two
successive top dead centers of the piston without a supply
of fuel. A primary current or a secondary current, or a
primary voltage or a secondary voltage are measured in a
measuring period which extends at least over a spark
duration after the ignition. From the comparison of the
measuring signals of successive ignitions, a conclusion is
drawn as to which of the successive top dead centers is an
ignition top dead center and which is a charge cycle top
dead center.

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